National officials impressed by STATPack

by Vicky Cerino, UNMC public affairs

Three officials from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and the American Public Health Laboratory (APHL) recently spent two days in Nebraska as part of a site visit for the APHL Private-Public Laboratory Integration Project (PPLIP).

Not only did they see how grants received by the Nebraska Public Health Laboratory (NPHL) at UNMC were being put to work, they toured the Biocontainment Unit on campus and attended an April 21 talk UNMC officials gave during a bioterrorism symposium in Norfolk.

At UNMC, they also saw a demonstration of the Secure Telecommunications Application Terminal Package (called STATPack), which was developed and patented by staff of the NPHL, UNMC and University of Nebraska at Omaha Peter Kiewit Institute. Those touring included Jim Ford, laboratory systems/standards manager, Association of Public Health Laboratories, and CDC officials Rex Astles, Ph.D., senior health scientist and Joyce Witt, health scientist.

The STATPack provides a secure, patient privacy-compliant, Internet-based network for selected hospital labs across Nebraska to communicate routine, urgent and emergency messages. Designed to support clinical laboratories in Nebraska during public health emergencies, the system enables labs to capture and send microscopic or photographic images of suspicious organisms for immediate consultation and possible identification.
Initial funding for the STATPack came from the Nebraska Research Initiative (tobacco settlement). The network is employed in Scottsbluff, North Platte, Kearney, Norfolk, Grand Island, Offutt Air Force Base in Bellevue and the NPHL. Most recently, through funding received from the CDC and APHL, units have been placed in the University of Nebraska-Lincoln Veterinary Science Diagnostic Laboratory, the Nebraska Health and Human Services (NHHSS) System Water Testing Laboratory and the Nebraska Department of Agriculture Food Testing Laboratory, forming a cohesive laboratory network.

"This isn't just about emergency situations, it's about public health," said Tony Sambol, NPHL coordinator of special pathogens and bio-security laboratory sections. The goal is to place 10 more units across Nebraska.

The visitors were impressed by what they saw.

In referring to the STATPack, Astles said he hadn't seen such a system before. "This will be much quicker than mailing specimens in routine or emergency situations," he said.

In the past, CDC officials, including Astles, have noted Nebraska's success in laboratory operations following Sept. 11, 2001. Sambol said work done in Nebraska provided a model of testing for anthrax and other potential deadly pathogens and also helped establish critical benchmarks on how state public health laboratories should interact with private hospitals to build a national laboratory network.

During a luncheon hosted by the lab, NPHL Director Steven Hinrichs, M.D., shared feedback made about Nebraska by CDC Director Julie Gerberding, M.D., during testimony on Capitol Hill.

Dr. Gerberding, in responding to a question on whether model programs existed for other states to copy, said: "I also visited Nebraska, which has some large cities but is pretty much a rural state, and I learned there too what the critical elements of what preparedness are, including for flu. And I think Nebraska would be considered an exemplar for rural state preparedness. I've been working on how to get a process to disseminate their experience with the other rural communities."

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